

ETHICS OF TREATMENT IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF PRESCHOOL CHILDREN'S SPEECH

Karimjanov A.

Candidate of Pedagogical Sciences, Associate Professor of the Department" Methods of Primary Education".

D. A. Karimjonova Teacher of the Department of Methods of Preschool Education

Abstract

The article provides information about the development of speech of preschool children, the formation and correct pronunciation of words and the ethics of treatment, the increase in verbal wealth.

Keywords: child, speech, ethics, vocabulary, treatment, preschool period.

Introduction

A new, evolved society entered the road of vision from the first days of Uzbekistan's independence. Our people began to implement deep reforms in all fields as a result of Uzi's selfless labor and peaceful life, with the goal of gaining independent labor from the industrialized countries of the globe. All of the historical adjustments and improvements made to restore the Great State of the Future have a significant impact on our compatriots' hearts, brains, and minds. The main notion of the Uzbek people, who have embarked on a path of national development in the twenty-first century, is the restoration of a free and affluent life. Of course, in the implementation of this idea, along with political, economic, social orientations, the adult generation of the harmonious, they take an important role in overcoming their speech.

Yusuf Khosha Khodhib, Akhmad Yughnaki, Imam Al-Bukhari, who made a huge contribution to the development of culture. In works created by such great genius as imam at-Termiziy, Abdurakhman Jami, Alisher Navoi, Rudaki, the speech and its importance in human life and activity are expressed in free examples. Also, Bexbudiy, Fitrat, Kari-Niyazi, Munavvar Kari, Saidrasul Saidazizov expressed valuable opinions on what should be paid attention in the master of Child speech in the samples of creativity.

Before the birth of the family, still child, the training of a harmonic, comprehensively mature, and healthy child begins. It is vital to establish the conditions for the child's much more deposit and quality, versatile health, and mature before the child is born.



First and foremost, parents must be prepared to raise and educate a child, as well as to provide for his financial needs.

The youngsters are asked to pronounce a burro with them from the moment they are born, a harrowing and proper term. For example, improper pronunciation should not be used to replace words like "mamma" and "grandmother."

From the age of three months onwards, it is especially important to pay close attention to the circulation of speech in children. Soy consumption among children is steadily increasing. It was discovered that at a young people's crossroads, 1 Young 3 months The phrase is well-known among children under the age of six. 1 Young 6 months can pronounce 1/2 of the body members and knows words up to 7-20 soles, 1 Young 9 months can say 3/4 of the body members and knows 20 words. He laughs at phrases that are only two words long. For example, at the age of two, a youngster can pronounce five parts of his body and knows the approximate language to 50 "give food" and "grandfather has arrived." Understands two-stage phrases "bring a towel", "go out", "put on your shoes". He will be able to distinguish words like "I", "you", "she". The phrase consists of two words. p, b, m, f, v, t, d, n, k, g, x can say letters, s, z, sh, j, ch, r, l usually leave the letters.

It is vital to repeat with the child as many times as possible during this period that the youngster leaves, pronouncing the flaws in his words. The parent's Uzi should not be able to swim like a ham child after being treated, or rather partnered with him. 2 The child learns to understand numbers at the age of six months. The inquiries "what?" and "where?" are understood. It has the ability to say s, z, and l characters. A three-year-vocabulary old ranges from 250 to 700 words, with sentences containing multiple words. Has a good command of the plural. "Because," "if," and "when" are all words that can be used. Dress is aware of the criteria. For instance, he can hear and comprehend light fairy stories. Children only four years old at that time.

It may employ phrases using words like "how much," "instead," "after," and "where." The world's wealth ranges from 1500 to 2000 dollars. It's contagious that the letters "childish" talk softly. The vocabulary of five young children ranges from 2500 to 3000 words. He can pronounce all of the characters in the language with ease. Dress can form sentences and communicate herself or himself viewpoint or wish. Without modifying the order of the letters in the word, it speaks. A youngster under the age of 7 will have a vocabulary of around 3500 words between the ages of 5 and 7. It increases the amount of spontaneous words. The tongue of the child has become larger. The ability to assess the surroundings using words varies. The psychological state of the child is prepared for school.



The main reason why preschool children are unable to express themselves clearly and fluently is that:

- 1) Defects in children's speech are eliminated;
- 2) Educators and educators develop a speech culture;
- 3) Verbal and written speech preposition by working on a word combination, dictionary, and sentence;
- 4) When working on connecting speech, methods of use and exercise exercises are not developed.

From the age of one year, the child's speech develops in a sponge-like manner. Each stage takes a long time to complete. When the following five phases are completed in youngsters, not only will the accurate word pronunciation improve, but so will their vocabulary.

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