



PRE-COLONIAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM INTRODUCED DURING THE TSARIST RUSSIA IN ANDIJAN UEZDI

Bozorov Qosimjon

Senior Teacher, Pedagogical Institute of Andijan State University

Annotation

The structure of the militarized administrative apparatus introduced in the Andijan district during the years of the Russian tsar's rule, from the establishment of the district to the establishment of the Soviet totalitarian regime, is shown on the basis of historical sources.

Keywords: uezd, zemstvo, city, regulations, polisiya, militarized management, emergency law, City prison, excavations, City Council, obstetrician, veterinarian, architect.

Introduction

Turkestan is in the rank of xur country for the next 376 years, namely in its history of one and a half thousand years (academician Kabriboy Ahmedov). In the remaining periods, the invaders spent the day under oppression. It can be seen from this that for many years of historical development, Turkestan was subjected to humiliation and humiliation of our people by other people. The national liberation movements that our people have carried out against the oppression of the Iranian Ahmani, Greek-macedonians, the Arab invasion, the Mongol invaders and, finally, the chorism colonialists have remained on the pages of history forever[1.8].

Founded in 1865, the Turkistan region was originally part of the Orenburg governorship, and from 1867 it was part of the Turkistan governorship. The land area of the Turkestan governorship after the uzil-kesil conquest of Central Asia is 1 533 255 kv.km.in terms of size, it was equal to the territory of France, Germany, and Austria-Hungary[2.127]. On August 6, 1865, a draft temporary regulation on the administration of the Turkistan region was introduced. In the newly formed province, administrative offices were in the hands of military chiefs. In 1867 year, the Tsarist government approved the draft of a new regulation on the management of Turkestan. In accordance with the draft regulation, the Turkistan region has been transformed into a separate Turkistan region governorship.

The main content of the charter was that "administrative and military power should be in the hands of one person, without separation from each other". Konstantin Petrovich background Kaufman was appointed as the first general - governor of





Turkestan. During the years 1865-1886, four provisional regulations on the management of Turkistan were in force. The dispute over the management of Turkistan in 1886 year was approved by the Tsar Alexander III. This Charter was in force until 1917 year, when additional and amendments were introduced. It should be noted separately that the Russian colonial administration, unlike the administration of other countries of the Empire, was conducted in Turkistan, in a militarized way.

When the administrations of many gubernia and regions of Russia were subordinated to the Ministry of internal affairs, the administrative departments in Turkistan were subordinated to the military Ministry. As before, the military and civil administrations were subordinated to the governor of Turkistan Gen. Obviously, the fact that the country is under the control of armed power has a serious impact on its further destiny and development and gives the character of the military situation"[2.129].

Turkistan Governor K general. Fergana region was established in place of the Kokand Khanate, which was conquered by the decree of Kaufman on March 6, 1876. 7 uezd Kokand, Margilan, Andijan, soup, Chimyon, Namangan and Chust uezd were included into the structure of Fergana region.

Andijan wezdi was founded in 1876 year. The management of Andijan uezdini is as follows: head of uezd, 2 junior and senior assistants, 2 Employees, 2 translators. Andijan uezd is divided into 5 administrative parts, respectively, they are divided into 21 volosts. The head of the Uezd was considered the main link of the colonial administration. It has an area of 2-2,5 sq m and a population of 20 000 head. Under the leadership of the head, the wezd had strict control over the population, control over individuals with separate functions, guided the wezd statistics, the meeting of taxes and the City Duma. He also considered the complaints of local akholi, who was dissatisfied with the court of biies. He also carried out primary inquiries on grave crimes and cases of dissolution of marriage, some criminal and civil cases. In the decision - making of court solutions, responsible for the implementation of confiscation of property, carries out control over the postal and commercial service. He was also involved in the trade and other support and commissions work of Public Health"[3.125].

The number of States has increased year by year in Andijan wezdi administration. If in August 1877, the management of wezd consisted of 10 people – the head of wezd, his two assistants, the work manager and his two assistants, the written tilmoch, the court of wezd, the doctor of wezd, the akusher of wezd, and by 1901 year 17 people served in the administrative–policeman management of Andijan wezdi: the head of wezd, his assistant, the consoles of 5 a doctor of uezd, a city doctor, an obstetrician, a city architectektori, a uezd was made up of land surveyors[3.127-128].





As noted in the work of Muhammad Aziz Margilani "Historical Aziziy", in 1876 Andijan wezdi was founded, whose head was Smirnov (Semyonov in other sources). In one of the archive sources it was noted that the head of Andijan uezdi was podpolkovnik Koshievsky, from 8 August 1866 he served in the xarbi section in the post of preporsnik, from 6 March 1876 he served as the senior assistant of the head of Andijan uezd, he knew Uzbek language well, knew how to write freely in the local language. Well, Andijan was Smirnov, who was the first head of Wesley. Uezd land meter V. On the map of kolodovkin established in 1890 year ("Kart Andijanskogo uezda Ferganskoy region") in the composition of Andijan uezdi Balikchi, Narin, Khakulabad, Izboskan, Altinkul, Hakan, Yorbaşı, Maygir, Novkent, Kokandishlak, Bazarkurgon, Ayim, Kurgantepa, Karasuv, Greens, Jalalkuduk, Chankent, Jalalabad, Maylisoy, mosi, kenkolkoragir, karakolsarisuy were Volosts[4.10-11].

In the book "Address Book of Fergana region" published in 1912 with PYA-8587 figures stored in rare manuscripts fund of Alisher Navoi library valuable information about the officials who ruled Andijan uezdi during the colonial period is presented. According to him, in 1908 year, the head of Andijan weezdi, Yulian Aldrovich Brzhezisky, took his place. E. Polyudov, Secretary I.V. Novoselov, the carrier of the letter F.D. Rishkov, Business Manager P.A. Archbishop, linguist Isa Tergiusizov was. Uezd doctor Osip Mikhailovich Ordines, feldsher M.I. Nasenko, akusher A.P. Vladimirova, veterinarian N.K. Zakharov is [5.25-29].

Head of the Police Department of the first part of the city of Andijan A.K. Kolesinsky, head of the police of the Second Part A.B. Mikhailov, head of the police of the third part N.N. Cherkes, standing temporarily vacant in the city's chief elder position. The genius of the house was Abdukadir Khodjiev, the genius of the House Zahiriddin Mahsudov, the genius of the kingdom Abdukahhar Orzigulbekov. It can be seen that in another period Andijan wezdi was divided into three geniuses and led by three elders. Head of the city economic department V.T. Konkov was, in its composition, from the deputies of the city, V.O. Kurovsky, A.A. Chaykin and Yakubali are Hodja Hodjimatov [6. 246-259].

City Architect Travin, doctor V.V. Kushikikov, the doctor at the hospital g.A. Rotenberg, doctor woman M.S. Golashevskaya, city feldsheri P.P. Kupsov, head of the hospital g.M. Budaevsky, as well as doctors and feldshers—g.I. Markov, M.F. Petrova, L.P. Povarenkova, Bagdanova were employees of hospitals. Andijan wezdi head of land tax I.F. Yakstir, head of state property A.F. Kopacheli, land meter A.F. Starikov, Secretary D.E. Konad is. Podpolkovnik ya on a special military obligation. E. Polyudov was. Sofia Petrovna Olifina worked as the head of the city library [5.25-29].



Military commander-in-chief of guizan S.I. Petrov, 1-rata gamandiri V.I. Medvelov, 2-rota staff captain I.N. Nesterenko, junior officer N.A. Vartanyans, food store MU Yan Yanin, injiner A.N. Vostokov was. It is a four-class educational institution in the new city of Andijan, with its teacher inspektori N.G. Pavlov, from the teachers V.F. Polivanniy, P.A. Naumovs are. Director of the land of knowledge of the tribe of men X.M. Belov, teachers E.P. Petrov, L.V. Kotovich, the head of the women's educational institution o.P. Kovalevskaya, teachers M.I. Kolchinskaya, N.D. Merzikova was, Russian-tuzem school mudirid.K. Nazarov, whose teacher was Sayid Sharifboev. Andijan uezdi N. in the judicial and advisory systemN. Alexin, M.S. Gnyazdovsky, V.N. Kuznesov, A.I. Brezgunov, F.F. Levisky, T.G. Dryakhlov, E.P. Lenzen, B.V. Levinzon, G.S. Yachnik, A.A. There were brosin. Andijan wezdi is the head of the postal and telegraph office F.X. Which is Zinberg. Head of the Department of State Bank N.E. Engelgart, cashier A.G. Vvedensky was. The manager of the city's Sibir bank, D.L. Aronson, managing director of the Azovsky bank, L.B. Xerumyan, director of the Moscow bank, K.Z. Sechkin, managing director of the Moscow Commercial Bank A.I. Artelsh, director of the Russian-Asian bank V.Eat it. Komarovsky was. Head of Andijan city railway station P.E. Kupikov, assistants V.M. Donchenko, P.F. Petrov, the head of the depot N.A. Eremeev, doctor A.I. Belogujev, the material obdorhouse mudiri S.I. Panushka, ticket cashier M.N. Portnix, commodity cashier P.S. Sherstobitov, cargo unloader, cargo loader Palace controller g.I. Andreev, the head of the road service Batorsky, the inspector of buildings P.V. Rebreev, telegrafist A.G. Andreev was. The chairman of the Andijan Department of the society helping the needy in the city named "Turkistan" in the country is the head of uezd yu.A. The wife of brzhezhsy was Faina Ivanovna Brzheziskaya[6.246-251]

The management of Andijan wezdi consisted of the head of the uezd, his two senior and junior assistants, the heads of the city, the head of the division (volost), the ober officer (junior officer), the precinct (division).

Under the head of Andijan uezd, the precinct consists of a prison, a neighborhood police station, a Pentagon, a corporal, a city public noibs, a mirobboshi, Arik aksakoli, mirshabbashi, a coward (night policing service), and a young man.

From 1876 to October 1917, the entire population of Andijan uezdi was ruled by the head of the uezd region through unlimited rights powers. The head of the Uezd was directly subordinated to the military governor of the Fergana region. In conclusion, The Tsar introduced themselves to the life of colonial policies, orders, instructions that kept the people under military pressure during the colonialism of Russia. Any demands and needs of the nation are not taken into account. Basically, the 2 military were in the status of uezd, which was administered under the arm, militarized.





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