



ANALYSIS OF NEW TYPES OF BUILDINGS BUILT IN THE PROCESS OF REPAIR IN THE OLD TOWN OF TASHKENT

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Abstract

This article provides an analysis of new types of buildings built during the renovation of the old city of Tashkent. In paper it is observed questions and prospects of development of the centres of creative repose for the presented youth, including their space-planning solutions and a hardware.

Keywords: provides an analysis of new types of buildings, built during the renovation, renovation of the old city, old city.

Introduction

The development of society and its development is determined by many economic, social, political factors. However, an important indicator of these factors is the youth of the society, more precisely, their worldview, the level of understanding of the tasks facing the nation, as well as the potential to serve these interests and the rational use of this potential. In this sense, the youth is a force that drives the social structures of the state and society. In addition to their importance as a labor resource in society, they also serve as an intellectual resource. Indeed, the younger generation of society will be harmonized with new ideas, new breaths, high passions, passions, aspirations. Such harmony is consistent with the development and prospects of society. Interests mobilize young people for innovation and creativity. Their initiative, enthusiasm shows its positive impact on the development of society. The result of long-term and long-term plans of the state youth policy is the result of a step-by-step system of reforms to create a new generation. The legal basis for such a system was established by President Islam Karimov in 1997 and is reflected in the National Training Program. It is necessary to use the opportunities provided to young people, to develop centers for creative recreation of talented youth, to improve the infrastructure of existing centers. The result of this goal will certainly serve to include the Republic of Uzbekistan in the list of developed countries. These include Silicon Valley in the United States, the Skolkovo Innovation Center in Russia, and the Science Center in Bangalore, India. Silicon Valley or Silicon Valley is the English-speaking Silicon Valley, located in the southwestern part of San Francisco, California, USA. is a complex of technological companies. Although its origin is related to the need for an





ecological environment, it has become a huge technological town. Skolkovo Innovation Center in Russia (second name - "Silicon Valley of Russia") - "Complex Skolko" was originally located in Odintsovo district, Moscow region, specializing in telecommunications, space, biomedical technology, energy, information technology and nuclear technology: complex priority Modernization of the Russian economy provides specific economic conditions for enterprises operating in the industry. Specialists of the Digital Development Department of the Tashkent city khokimiyat conducted a study of multi-storey residential buildings in the city. The project has become part of an interactive map of the age of Age Tashkent's capital buildings. Gazeta.uz previously wrote about him.

According to research, in the 1950s, about 100 apartment buildings were commissioned in the city each year. In just one year after the strong earthquake of 1966, more than 600 apartment buildings were built in Tashkent with the help of other republics of the Soviet Union.

Since then, the figures have declined, but construction did not slow down until the 2000s. In 2015, construction picked up again, in 2019, 463 new homes appeared in the city, then the statistics declined.

Over time, the approach to the choice of building materials has changed. This is due to the urgency of the work and the economic situation. For example, in 1966, wood was used because of the rapid and multi-tasking task set before the city. This building material was almost never used before or after this year. From the late 1960s to the 2000s, concrete was used more in the construction of multi-storey buildings than baked brick. From 2018, reinforced concrete panels began to be used. This is due to the increase in the number of floors and the size of the buildings.

As for the number of residential buildings built, despite the rapid pace, Tashkent did not reach the level of 1966. In 2019, 463 multi-storey houses were built in the capital. At the same time, the area of commissioned housing has also expanded. If in 1966 880 thousand square meters. m with 623 houses commissioned, in 2019 - 826 thousand square meters. m area of 463 houses were built. Such a Silicon Valley can be located in the conditions of Uzbekistan on the banks of the river, adjacent to the writers' camp in Dormon, Qibray district. The structure of the project includes: The electronic library includes a collection of national and international literature with access to the Internet; Conference hall - designed for online conference, large and small meetings; Establishment of electronic databases of historical data (archival data) - a national and international database. The exhibition hall is designed for contests and competitions, as well as for innovative developments in the Palace of Creativity; Spiritual recreation area Landscape with a landscape architecture and temperate





climate; The workshop is designed to model and model the theoretically based inventions of creators; Dormitory (based on project parameters) - for the purpose of organizing a summer camp to encourage creative youth; Kitchen - serves for conference, conference, meeting, staff and campers and city dwellers; The laboratory is designed to pre-test inventions recommended for production. As a practical manifestation of the opportunities provided to young people, the competitions organized by the "Kamolot Youth Social Movement" are proving their effectiveness in educating millions of young people to be spiritually strong and healthy. In our country, under the leadership of President Islam Karimov, a number of reforms are being carried out to realize the dreams and aspirations of young people.

This is what the President writes; "No problem can be solved without taking into account the interests of young people, without creating all the conditions for them to study and spend their free time. The fate of our President today and tomorrow depends on the intellectual development of the young generation, the spiritual development, physical health. We have no moral, if you will, or paternal right to save in the pursuit of this goal," he said. The expression of the above conceptual views of our President is also reflected in the following figures. Today, there are about 10,000 secondary schools in the country. To date, such a social infrastructure has been built that we hold international conferences on education with the participation of experts from developed countries. The results achieved and the experiments performed are being disseminated.

Pay attention to the numbers. During the years of independence, 1396 professional colleges and 141 academic lyceums were built, in which training and production rooms and laboratories were equipped with the latest technical equipment. Higher education institutions in need of repair have also been reconstructed and handed over to young people. It had an architectural design look. The project of creative choirs of talented young people will give a special charm to the city. Urban design should be considered as an integral part of urban planning, architecture, urban infrastructure and landscape, and every building to be built, and the infrastructure to be formed, should have a unique, colorful, interesting look of artistic and aesthetic essence. To do this, it is necessary to establish creative cooperation with urban planners, architects, designers.





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