



## **POLITICAL, LEGAL AND NORMATIVE BASES OF FORMATION OF STUDENTS AS SOCIALLY ACTIVE PERSONS**

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### **Annotation**

The purpose of this article is to discuss the existing problems in the process of inculcating in the minds of students, ways to overcome them, as well as the qualities that are formed in the minds of students and others.

**Keywords:** Political, legal, knowledge, culture, education, social activist, values, qualities, etc.

### **Introduction**

The factor of political culture, which is related to the spiritual life of people, values, worldviews, traditions with a long history, just like politics itself. The concept of political culture has been interpreted as being studied by ancient thinkers. We can cite the great scholars of the world, such as Confucius, Plato, Aristotle, Yusuf Khas Hajib, Abu Nasr al-Farabi, and others, who have political worldviews, who have ideas related to this worldview. The term "political culture" is believed to have been coined in the 18th century by the German philosopher and enlightener I. Gerder. Scientific concepts of political culture, which have an empirical basis, began to take shape in the West by the middle of the twentieth century.

Foreign State Researchers A. Lipset, X. Fayer, S. ; Verba, M. Dyuverje, G. Powell, U. Rozenbaum, G. Almond, L. Pay TB has a huge contribution to make. The American theorist who used the concept of "political culture" H. One of the important steps taken by Fayer in his 1956 book, The System of Government of the Great Powers of Europe, was to explain the essence of political culture. Then G. Almond and S. Verba published his book, Civil Culture, in 1963, based on a study and analysis of the political





processes in five countries — the United States, Germany, the United Kingdom, Italy, and Mexico. In 1965, L.S. Pay and S. Verba created a work entitled "Political Culture and Political Development." This research was an important factor in the creation of the modern concept of political culture, as well as an important basis for the development of the theory of political culture.

We know very well that political, legal education and, on this basis, human spirituality and culture play an important role in the rich heritage of our great ancestors, scholars and historians. In recent years, the Republic has begun to pay greater attention to the development of legal knowledge and legal culture of our people. In particular, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Education" defines the basic principles of state policy in the field of education, the rights, duties, responsibilities and goals of all in the Republic, including youth, teachers [1].

"Study of the role and significance, meaning and essence of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan in society, the formation and development of the young generation as politically and legally conscious, broad-minded and cultured, as well as knowledge of the Constitution, its content and essence" targeted. The Constitution plays an important role in raising the legal knowledge and culture of the younger generation. Legal knowledge is gradually implemented in the entire education system in continuing education.

The political, economic, spiritual and other reforms carried out by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

The President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.Mirziyoyev also took part in the Youth Forum of Uzbekistan on December 25, 2020 and expressed the following views. "No matter what reforms we undertake in our country, first of all, we rely on young people like you, on your strength and determination. As you all know, today we have set great goals. We have begun to lay the foundations of the Third Renaissance in our Motherland. We consider the family, pre-school education, school and higher education, as well as scientific and cultural institutions, to be the most important links of the future Renaissance. That is why we are carrying out radical reforms in these areas. I am confident that our selfless and patriotic youth, like you, will take an active part and make a worthy contribution to creating a new foundation for the development of our country. "[2]

The Concept for the Development of the Higher Education System of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030 states: and the development of national and moral values, socio-political and economic activity, the formation of a strong civic position, along with universal values such as respect for the languages, customs and traditions of the





peoples. "[3] The legislation is important in educating the youth of independent Uzbekistan in addressing issues related to legal education, such as political and legal knowledge, culture, thinking, patriotism, inculcation of ideas of national pride, crime prevention.

The President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.Mirziyoyev also noted that "an educated generation is a guarantee of a great future, an entrepreneurial people is a guarantee of a prosperous life, and friendly cooperation is a guarantee of development."

Therefore, in organizing the process of forming students as socially active individuals, it is necessary to educate students as well-rounded and able to put their knowledge into practice.

The role of high moral, political and legal culture in the formation of a democratic state and the formation of a just civil society in the Republic is invaluable in the formation of students as socially active individuals. Political and legal culture is formed and improved not in a certain period of human life, but in all life activities from the moment of its birth. It is manifested in everything from pre-school education to higher education institutions. According to research, it is during this period that young people gain their first impressions of legal and political knowledge. So, this stage is very important in terms of its importance in educating the next generation.

In the process of education, a number of legal documents of our government have been adopted to increase the knowledge of the module "Formation of students as socially active persons" [7] on the component "Political and legal knowledge and culture". In this regard, President Mirziyoyev has given relevant instructions in his speeches.

For example, at a meeting with young people on March 31, 2017, President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev said, "It is known that the education of the younger generation has always been important and relevant. ... After that, Sh.Mirziyoyev quoted the wise men as saying, "The more perfect the education, the happier the people will live." In order for education to be perfect, there must be no gap in this matter. "[5]

Therefore, political and legal education is an educational process that must be carried out not only at the level of "State and Law", but also on a regular basis.

The Concept "Development of State Youth Policy in Uzbekistan until 2025" approved by Annex 1 to the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 23 of January 18, 2021, in addition to the above-mentioned achievements and positive results in state youth policy, includes Paragraph 5 of the "Current state of youth policy and current problems" states that "due to the ineffectiveness of measures to educate young people





in the spirit of respect for national and universal values, devotion to the motherland, their adherence to various alien ideas, delinquency and crime, premature births and weddings There are a number of challenges that need to be addressed. ”[6]

This concept addresses some of the issues:

- The activity and participation of young people in public organizations and political parties remains weak.
- It is necessary to find solutions to such problems as the electoral process of youth, the state of participation of political parties in the activities of youth wings, which requires further strengthening of work in this area.

Some Social Causes and Conditions of Student Illegal Behavior: A Socially Significant Behavior of Citizens and Officials, Including Students is of particular importance.

In this regard, researchers (Z. S. Zarinov, I.Ismailov, Yu.N.Antonyan, Ya.I.Gilinsky, N.P.Dubinin, G.A.Avanesov, K.E. Segashev, IIKorney, VNKudryavtsev, NKMirzajonov, Yu.S.Pulatov, N.Sobirov and others. socio-demographic, organizational and legal factors, the role of social institutions, political parties, government agencies, organizations, the state of social consciousness, its heterogeneity, subjective factors affecting human behavior (psychological characteristics of young people, behavioral motivation) indicates the priority of factors.

Legal culture as a system of spiritual, moral and legal values is reflected in the achieved level of development of the legal situation, in normative legal documents, in the legal consciousness. In accordance with them, a law-abiding lifestyle will be formed and legal regulation of social relations will be established in the country, which will establish law and order.

At this point, we found it necessary to draw attention to another aspect. Interacts with other political, moral, aesthetic, religious spheres and branches of legal culture.

Thus, the legal culture has a complex and multifaceted direction, which is primarily: at a certain level of legal consciousness to consciously perceive, comprehend and comprehensively master the legal reality;

national and general cultural foundations, high level of culture, national and universal sources, historical memory, customs and traditions;

the level of knowledge of the population of the country, obedience to the rule of law, a high level of respect and prestige;

methods of effective organization of human legal activity, legal creativity, law enforcement, management and other bodies;

requires that all citizens and officials of the country obey and abide by the law.





Like any other form of culture, political and legal culture is evaluated by quality assessment criteria [8.9]. Of course, at present it is difficult to talk about not only high, but even average level of legal culture in the Republic of Uzbekistan. But we pay a lot of attention to this issue.

"Deciding the spirit of respect for the law in society is the key to building a democratic state governed by the rule of law!" [7] - to strengthen the idea of life, to inculcate in the minds of the younger generation the concepts of law and duty, honesty and purity, as well as moral norms, to teach them important aspects of the Constitution from childhood.

National political and legal culture is the starting point that creates a unique harmony, meaning, form of legal definitions. After all, the creation of law is, first of all, an individual process directly related to the inner world of each author. Roman private law, a creative product of ancient Roman jurists, Roman legal traditions and practices, has traversed exactly this path. Roman law was created in an extremely narrow area of ancient Roman culture. But it is precisely because of the uniqueness of these cultural traditions that Roman law has reached its highest perfection, becoming a universally recognized universal legal value. Indeed, the uniqueness of these priceless monuments of the legal culture of all mankind serves as a bridge to the status of universal universality. Because this uniqueness embodies the features of a truly unique, human creativity, born in this or that "private" culture.

Therefore, when talking about the formation of political and legal consciousness and ideology, this mechanism of enriching the masterpieces of world legal culture requires attention to the following aspects:

- The need to learn the values of political and legal culture of the people, their laws, their specific features (for example, in the works of Abu Nasr Farobi, Ibn Sino, Amir Temur and other thinkers and great ancestors, these aspects are to some extent).
- Ensuring that students have sufficient knowledge in the field of statehood, legislation, law enforcement, legal awareness, understanding the masterpieces of world culture in the political and legal spheres in the formation of students as socially active individuals;
- We believe that it is necessary to correctly determine the comparisons of nationality and universality in law, to promote a scientifically based approach to the complex problem of mastering the existing legal material in foreign countries and to provide them with a database.

What is the reason for the great attention paid to the formation of legal consciousness, legal culture inherent in each society, what is its role and importance in the construction of the rule of law? Legal consciousness, legal culture represents a certain





qualitative step in the formation of students as socially active individuals. It covers the ideological level (knowledge and thinking culture, analysis and generalization of social experience, the ability to creatively understand new social phenomena on the basis of previously accumulated knowledge), emotional level (confidence in the authenticity of knowledge) and active behavior.

Thus, in our opinion, legal culture is an understanding of the norms of legal knowledge and its nature, the value of the legal system, as well as the essence of social values, norms, traditions and patterns that regulate the field of legal behavior.

Legal education is a purposeful activity of the state, public organizations, individual citizens on the exchange of legal experience: the formation of certain positive perceptions, views, values, guidelines that ensure the observance, implementation and use of legal norms and is a constant influence on behavior. Legal education is a complex and multifaceted system of activities. In Uzbekistan, it is given great importance. Of course, the basic principles of state and economic reform, enshrined in the decrees of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, resolutions of the Cabinet of Ministers and the laws of the Oliy Majlis, create the necessary legal basis for the establishment of democratic norms and social guarantees.

To do this, the task is not only to develop laws, but also to ensure that they are always followed.

The formation of the practice of promoting legal knowledge in students, self-education, etc. should become a means of legal education. Based on the use of all of the above tools, it is necessary to take measures to ensure that the information about the law is disseminated by the public to the general public, and to ensure its use and implementation in practice. Although many measures have been taken to make this happen, there is currently insufficient promotion of existing laws. In practice, it is observed that some activities related to legal education are organized in a chaotic manner, without taking into account the needs of the population for certain legal knowledge.

It should also be noted that the success of legal education for students depends not only on the quality of education or the skills of teachers, but also on the level of legal culture of society and the state and the attention paid to it. After all, the strongest legal and educational factors are the life experience of the student in terms of direct confrontation with the real state of the current legislation, **his** ability to assess the possibility of the law in the protection of human rights and freedoms.

As Uzbekistan builds a democratic state governed by the rule of law, we believe that every citizen should know the state policy, its legal basis, the principles of its implementation, the basic legal norms and rules. Solving the following complex tasks





in the process of legal education: first, to provide students with the skills to independently apply the legal knowledge acquired in practice, in assessing the behavior of themselves and others; secondly, the formation of guidelines for the implementation of only legal actions in accordance with the law and other regulations; thirdly, it allows the formation of the quality of a firm attitude towards any offense. Thus, the formation of legal knowledge of students as a socially active person in any situation only serves to create a system of strict adherence to the law, to accelerate the fight against crime.

The system of formation of political and legal knowledge and culture in the process of continuing education

The set of requirements for the system of formation of political and legal knowledge and culture in the process of continuing education is as follows:

1. State structure, understanding of the political process.
2. Have the skills to actively participate in political processes.
3. Awareness of the legal framework of the state and society.
4. Assimilation of the Constitution and laws.
5. have the skills to work with regulatory documents.
6. Have the qualities of political vigilance.
7. Know what legal consciousness is.
8. Knowledge of government agencies and public organizations that provide legal control, regulation and enforcement.
9. To be able to apply political and legal knowledge in practice.

In the process of formation of students as socially active persons [9, 10] on the basis of the organization of the educational process "Political and legal knowledge and culture" recommended by the author to improve the political and legal culture of students, as well as to strengthen their knowledge of political and legal disciplines and the organization of work on the formation of skills to apply in practice, the qualities of spiritual maturity of the individual serve to increase the level of legal culture.

In particular, one of the priorities of the state youth policy is to improve the legal framework aimed at protecting the legitimate interests of young people. This goes on [11] the author has created a database based on the scientific views collected in the course of research on all components (in particular, political and legal knowledge and culture) of the module "Formation of students as socially active" and effective as a result of the educational process achieved results.

In the process of forming students as socially active individuals, the defining qualities of political knowledge and culture are:





In particular, the qualities that determine the political knowledge and culture in the process of forming students as socially active:

- Commitment to the national idea;
- Political struggle;
- Political consciousness and culture;
- Possession of a political ideal;
- Spiritual perfection;
- Political knowledge, etc.

Qualities that determine legal knowledge and culture in the process of forming students as socially active persons:

- Knowledge of the norms of public administration;
- Legal knowledge;
- Knowledge of government agencies and public organizations that provide legal control, regulation and enforcement;
- Legal awareness;
- Political assessment of law and legal behavior, etc.

In this regard, the author has developed methods for the study of the qualities of a socially active person, and as a result of practical application, the qualities of an active person have been identified through methods of assessing the qualities of a socially active person [10].

Using this proposed method, the defining qualities of political and legal knowledge and culture were identified in the component "Political and legal knowledge and culture" of the module on the formation of students as socially active persons.

Political and legal education and training institution: Political and legal education must be carried out not only at the level of "Fundamentals of State and Law", but also on a regular basis. The preamble to the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan states that one of the main goals of the people of Uzbekistan is to build a humane, democratic state governed by the rule of law. In building this state, the way of life of the Republic has made great changes in the psychology of our people, in their worldview, research and aspirations. These changes are also taking place in the field of education. The inclusion of political and legal education in the integral part of general education today is the only sign of the implementation of the process of building the rule of law.

Law news. For example, young people should be shown how to be prosecuted for administrative violations or what privileges are granted to them under labor law, and other laws that apply to them.







The authors of this study also focused on raising the level of legal awareness and legal culture of young people [14] in their research work in some areas of research.

It should be noted that the success of political and legal education of students depends not only on the quality of education or the skills of teachers, but also on the level of political and legal culture of society and the state. Indeed, the most powerful legal and educational factors are the learner's life experience, such as the current law, the direct confrontation with the real state of law, his ability to assess the possibility of law in the protection of human rights and freedoms.

In short, for the successful implementation of the political and legal experience of citizens, young people in the state should strengthen their political activism, create the necessary conditions for their participation in public affairs, ensure the true observance of the principles of transparency and democracy. It is a matter of time to form individuals who are fully prepared for the task of combating it.

The President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.Mirziyoyev pays constant attention to this. In particular, the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-60 "On the Development Strategy of the New Uzbekistan for 2022-2026" [8] on "Improvement of state youth policy":

- Ensuring the rights, freedoms and legitimate interests of young people;
- To educate young people in the spirit of patriotism, civic duty, tolerance, respect for the law, national and universal values, as a person who can withstand harmful influences and currents, has a strong belief and outlook on life;
- Priorities have been set, such as raising the level of legal awareness and legal culture of young people. It is obvious that the President and the leadership of the Republic of Uzbekistan pay special attention to the formation and development of political and legal knowledge and culture among young people. It is obvious that the development and improvement of this area shows the need to increase the scope of research.

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