

ECOLOGICAL VIEW OF THE WORLD: NATURE CONSERVATION AS A GLOBAL PROBLEM

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Annotation

The article describes the reasons why nature conservation is becoming a global problem in the current ecological landscape of the world, the system for managing international environmental political relations, and the aggravation of the global environmental situation.

Keywords: ecology, nature, ecological situation, protection, globalization, international environmental and political relations,

Introduction

At the current historical stage of development of society on the threshold of the new millennium, the world has faced unprecedented challenges and threats associated with extraordinary natural changes that threaten human life and activity, flora and fauna in different parts of the world. That is, with the globalization and escalation of environmental problems, the formation and development of an integrated political system for managing international relations in this area is gaining the status of universal law. This, in turn, requires the active participation of states, including Uzbekistan, in the greening of international political relations and its globalization.

In order to study the globalization of international environmental socio-political relations and the management of this process, it is first necessary to identify alternative views appropriate to the categorization of its determinants. According to this principle, it can be shown that the scientific problem we are studying has been studied in the following areas, namely:

1) The results of scientific research on the historical genesis and stages of development of environmental policy;

2) Literature on the organizational basis of international environmental political relations;

3) Views on the formation and development of the institutional framework of international environmental political relations;

4) Scientific work on the creation of an international legal framework for the management of environmental political relations;



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5) Scientific teachings on objective and subjective factors of management of the international ecological political relations;

6) Spiritual and moral issues of global environmental relations.

At the present time, in the system of ecological doctrines that oppose human violence against nature, it is noticeable that its neoclassical trends are being formed. Representatives of this direction seek not only the anti-environmental nature of capitalist management, but also the principles of industrialization of industrial enterprises, the factors of urbanization of society, "demographic explosions", radical political measures against the consequences of the ecological crisis, ie the search for alternative forms of organization, management and control. promoted the need.

The main drawback that characterizes most of this research work is the priority of a factorial approach to the issue. However, as with any scientific problem, the development of a holistic philosophical conceptual theory based on a complex-systematic approach to the globalization and management of international environmental political relations and their generalization is still in its infancy. Accordingly, making a specific contribution to the doctrine of global environmental policy and its management constitutes the purpose of this work.

These opportunities are important not only for the improvement of the ecological situation in Uzbekistan or the region, but also as an integral part of global environmental policy:

• At the present time, in the ecological landscape of the world, the protection of nature has become a global problem, showing that it is becoming the basis for the integration of political relations of the world community. Indeed, since the second half of the twentieth century, humanity has recognized that the world's states have worked together to avoid global environmental catastrophe, and the study of the laws of the process of formation and development of the international institutional system of governance is a pressing problem of philosophical sciences;

• According to the genesis of emergence: the growing trend of globalization of environmental problems of a local, zonal nature, requires the active participation of the world community in their solution. But the process is not going smoothly. The scientific-theoretical study of its internal contradictions, the development of practical proposals, methodological recommendations remain an important socio-philosophical problem;

• One Of the main reasons for the globalization of environmental problems at the present time is the lack of theoretical and methodological foundations for the coordination of environmental policies of states. For the study of the individuality of the ecological policy of different states according to the principle of individuality, specificity and generality of philosophy requires a fundamental theory and scientific methodology;



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• The globalization of international environmental and political relations is the result of a combination of national and universal interests, which puts on the agenda of the sociophilosophical sciences a complex - systematic study of objective conditions, subjective factors that integrate them;

• At the present time, the extremely complex palette of the world socio-political system concretizes the principles of a differential approach to the globalization of international environmental political relations. As a result, the improvement of the theoretical and methodological basis in accordance with the changes in the paradigm of the sciences that study them remains an urgent socio-philosophical problem;

• In the current context of globalization and aggravation of environmental problems, there is a need to coordinate their environmental policy and form a unified institutional system of governance, regardless of the level of social, economic, political, spiritual, cultural, confessional development of states and requires theoretical and methodological justification;

• In the integration of ecological and political relations of national and regional states in solving global environmental problems: development of the basis of "philosophy of compromise" of local, regional, global interests, theoretical and methodological issues of their implementation remains a pragmatic direction of modern philosophical thinking;

• The study of the national features of state environmental policy in Uzbekistan and the process of its integration into international political relations and becoming a subject of global policy management is an important direction in the development of national philosophy and an opportunity to strengthen its international position;

• At the present time, the philosophical analysis of the globalization features of international environmental political relations and the laws of development will be a methodological basis for the study of globalization processes in other socio-political spheres. Also, the integration of international environmental relations, the unification of the globalization management system is a key factor determining the sustainable development of society.

Summarizing the above, the following conclusions can be drawn:

First, the national environmental policy of each state is a subject of environmental management on a global scale, demonstrating its democratic character and humanistic nature, with a focus on ensuring the balance of the biosphere necessary for the future of human civilization.

Second, the institutional system of management of national, regional environmental policy is a relatively independent system, and the functional links between their structural elements have special driving motives and mechanisms as part of global policy.





Third, the institutional system of global environmental policy is not limited to protecting the natural balance of the planet's biosphere, but also serves to control the anthropogenic, anthropotechnogenic and anthropopolitical spheres of human impact on nature at the national and regional levels.

Fourth, the system of management of international environmental political relations, in accordance with the aggravation of the global environmental situation, is becoming more differentiated at the national and regional levels, its directions and tasks are becoming more specific. In particular, at the present time in the activities of environmental entrepreneurship: management, marketing is widespread.

Fifth, the development of technical and technological bases of the management system of international environmental political relations, "intellectual capacity", information base, automation and computerization, ensures its effectiveness.

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ЛИЧНОСТИ: ОЗДОРОВЛЕНИЕ И ДУХОВНОЕ ВОСПИТАНИЕ //СИСТЕМА МЕНЕДЖМЕНТА КАЧЕСТВА В ВУЗЕ: ЗДОРОВЬЕ, ОБРАЗОВАННОСТЬ, КОНКУРЕНТОСПОСОБНОСТЬ. – 2021. – С. 264-268.

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