



HISTORY OF CREATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC ORGANIZATIONS IN UZBEKISTAN

Kodirova Country Muminovna

Karshi State University, Department of History of Uzbekistan,

Candidate of Historical Sciences, docent

Abstract

The article analyzes the existing obstacles for their implementation at earlier stages of historical development. Also, attention is paid to the first public organizations of the republic, their legislative base.

Keywords: public associations, Constitution, state, legislation, democracy, human rights, civil society, party.

ИСТОРИЯ СОЗДАНИЯ И РАЗВИТИЯ ОБЩЕСТВЕННЫХ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЙ В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ

Kodirova Mamlakat Muminova

Karshinskiy Goudarstvennyi Universitet, Uzbekistan Agency,

Certificate of Culture, Centre for Strategic Sciences, Centre

Аннотация:

В статье анализируются существовавшие препятствия для их реализации на более ранних этапах исторического развития, также уделяется внимание первым общественным организациям республики, их законодательной базе.

Ключевые слова: общественные объединения, Конституция, государство, законодательство, демократия, права человека, гражданское общество, партия.

Development of practical and political practices means that people are active enough to accept participation in the social and political sector of the country, This will lead to the deepening of the development of the work and the development of work. These processes are connected with the organization of individuals, their experiences, as well as the development of work in the development of the creation of a federal system for the coordination of public organizations on the basis of the future, the development of the organization of public education, the department, which will be used to improve the quality of public education.





MATERIALS AND METHODS

By the very end of the love of the country, the public will be able to live the following: "Our main center is what we have, who live in our country, do not live a modern life in our country, not yet nationalistic, linguistics and religion, lived a modern, peaceful and productive life" [4]. Today, the number of social interests in the broad and public sectors that develop them is based on the quality and development of the company. Public organizations of the country's future in the field of business and public studies. In our opinion, loving the public organization will be the organization of the organization, the organization of the international and, in addition, the pravian regions. In the absence of large corporations (people, associations) and societies (cemyi, klana, co-operatives), the general organizations are organized by the general organization of the regional organizations. As a result, there is an institute located in the 34th article of the Constitution, where "the Uzbekistan Republics have the opportunity to create products, political agreements and other public relations, to participate in the world's movements" [5], this article is the basis for the practice of studying in the life of the public. This means that the co-modern commons are the first to be built in the common language, in the First World Wide Web.

RESULTS AND ENQUIRIES

Today in Uzbekistan there are more than 5000 new organizations, they are developed in the following areas: these are political and cultural centres, and sponsors, and major organizations, and various associations, and various associations, as well as organizations, as well as organizations, public movements, national committees, women's and their branches.

It is possible to take part in the institute of public organizations, including in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries of the European Union, including in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries in the European Union, and there have been minor public organizations in the field of political competitions, which have been launched in the European Republic and Asia. All these public organizations have been implemented in the development of the state.

In Uzbekistan, there is a large number of representatives of the country, which has been implemented in this area. They do not include the necessary institutions, but also the numbers that make these institutions known and their information. In the morning, in Sur Kurais 106 from The Congo, which is what the Cibais have united in the organization of the company of the company on the basis of the general interests [4].





This is the reason why the corporations have established the function of regulating the development of people in the country for the purpose of providing services for the construction of the approved areas of this plan.

Social development is a change in the development of the public sector, which is strengthened in our national social studies, changing trends and new markets.

The national development is based on the following three countries: the national strategy, the central one and the next one. These guidelines are used to improve the quality of the country's work. In connection with this, the president of S. Mirziyev in his field, Oliy Majlisu, said that "the situation will change, change the public." We should not be able to organize ourselves in the public sector.

CONNECTION

Practical changes in the public and electronic sectors of the country determine the development of the main structures. A long-term plan includes developments in the course of new initiatives on the development of public organizations. This situation provides a framework for the analysis of the projects of public organizations, the development of the new scientific institutes, which will be used for the purposes and activities of the general organization in the modern co-regional organization.

We will be able to organize our countries in the country and provide information to the public. In addition to the development of common ones, their implementation and cooperation will be carried out more and more in the development of the project.

LITERATURE

1. Vinogradov I.S. Uzbekistan – Kitay: strategicheskoe prartnerstvo v XXI veke // Voprosy natsional'nos'noi i federative otnosheniy. 2019. T. 9. № 11 (56).
2. In the year of Zakona Respubliki Uzbekistan ot 18 April 2018 no. ZRU-476 // National Library of Rare Diseases, April 19, 2018, No. 03/18/476/1087.
3. Jamiev B.A. Ocobennosti fomirovaniya i razvitiya mnogopariyinosti v Uzbekistane // Voprosy pololitologii. 2020. T. 10. № 5 (57).
4. Zakirov I., Turabekov T. Nekotorye aspects influensiya musulmanskogo i traditsionno-obychnogo prava i zakonodatelstvo Tekoblikoi Tekobliki uzbekistan o negokudarstvennye nekommerch'ekest'nogomirch'ekologiska // Davlat va xukuk. Toshkent, 2003. No 4.
5. Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan // National Bank of Data, 6 March 2019, No 03/19/19/527/2706, No 03/19/527/2706, 5 September 2019, No 03/19/563/3685.

