CREATING NON-STANDART TESTS IN THE ISPRING QUIZ MAKER PROGRAM

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Annotation:
In this article, you will get acquainted with the capabilities of the iSpring Quiz Maker program, ways to create interactive tests and questionnaires using audio, video files, images and formulas, as well as test creation.

Keywords: iSpring Kinetics, iSpring Pro VeralTest, test, audio, video, interactive, questionnaire, control, non-standard test.
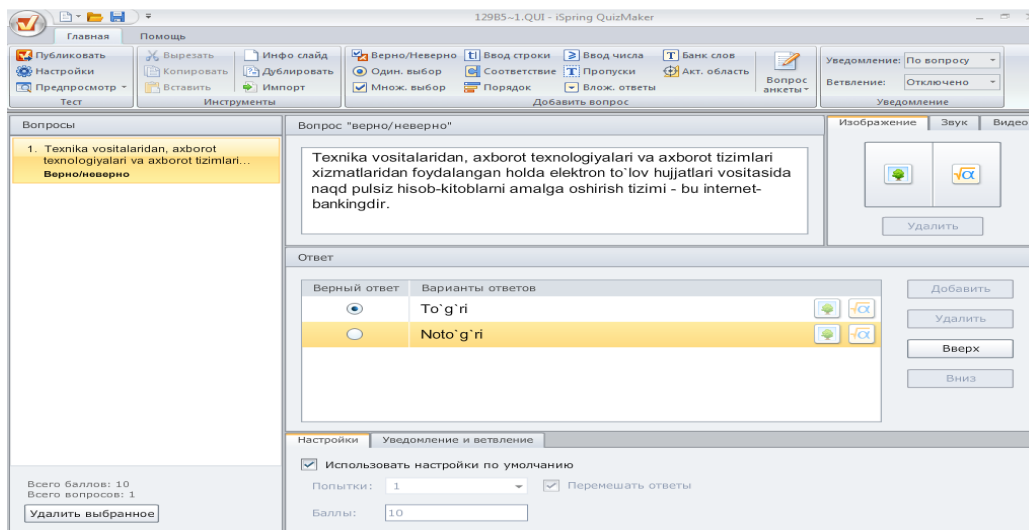
INTRODUCTION

Whether we want the testing process has come full into our lives. Day after day, examinations in higher educational institutions, schools of general secondary education, academic lyceums are replaced by tests, as well as replenishment. Organizations, human resources agencies make good use of tests when assessing the psycholoic characteristics and professional qualifications of an individual. Of course, the widespread popularity of testing is associated with the appearance of a computer. Because it is precisely the fact that it does not take much time to develop, conduct tests on a computer, especially when analyzing its result, that is one of its main achievements. iSpring QuizMaker, VeralTest programs have the convenience of creating control not only in the test method, but in visual forms related to written, contemplative and practical work.

Below we will get acquainted with the process of creating a test in these programs. One of the modern programs that creates computer-aided online presentations and e-learning courses is the iSpring Suite program suite. the iSpring Suite application package includes programs such as iSpring Pro, iSpring QuizMaker, iSpring Kinetics. From these programs, the iSpring QuizMaker program allows you to create interactive tests and questionnaires using audio, video files, images and formulas. Below we look at the methods of creating a test in the iSpring QuizMaker program.

Tests with only two answer options. Correct or incorrect form (Verno/Neverno). This form gives a definition of something-an item, an event-a process, or some kind of symptom. As an answer option, it is only asked if it is true or not.

For example, the question can be asked as follows:

Question: "Is this reasoning appropriate that the binary number system has the number 3 .

The answers are followed by:

O right

O wrong

it is given in options. The student reads this definition and chooses the correct answer option if the definition is correct, and the wrong answer option if it is wrong.

Drawing up tests in this form can be applied in all disciplines. Because each discipline contains its own definitions, objects and their properties. Another feature of this form is that options that are partially correct or partially incorrect cannot be entered as an addition to the answer options given in it.

One-answer tests (Odin vibor otveta). ISpring dasruri can also generate test questions of the "one-answer tests" type, as in all test Developer Programs. Tests in such a form are traditional tests, one question is compiled from four answer options and one correct answer corresponding to the question posed. For example:

1.   Q:What is the function of the backspace key on the keyboard?
2.   O delete the symbol on the right from the cursor
3.   o move cursor to one word to the left
4.   o move cursor to one word to the left
5.   o move the cursor to the last letter of the text

One-answer test questions have now become very simple in appearance. Because in the process of answering a question, it is easy to find the right one to exclude the wrong ones from within the options.

This form has the option of adding additional response options in contrast to the test type above. In the process of drawing up a Test, the program automatically displays two options for the answer option. If the test being compiled should be given more than two answer options, then the "Dobavit" (Add) button in the dialog box is pressed. There is an option to add as many response options as desired through the" dobavit " button.

Several response tests (Mnojestvenniy vibor otveta). Tests in such a form differ from previous test forms in that the correct answer option in a given test question can be either two or more. Drawing up multiple response tests encourages the student to master the science in depth. Because, there are several specific properties of an object in science. All these properties can be entered in question. Now the student cannot score on the exam, even if he does not know a small property of the object, or the definition of that object in full. This form requires the student to master science in depth, study all subjects perfectly, perform practical and laboratory work one by one, analyze and think about them. Note that before studying each subject, we will have a brief overview of its history.
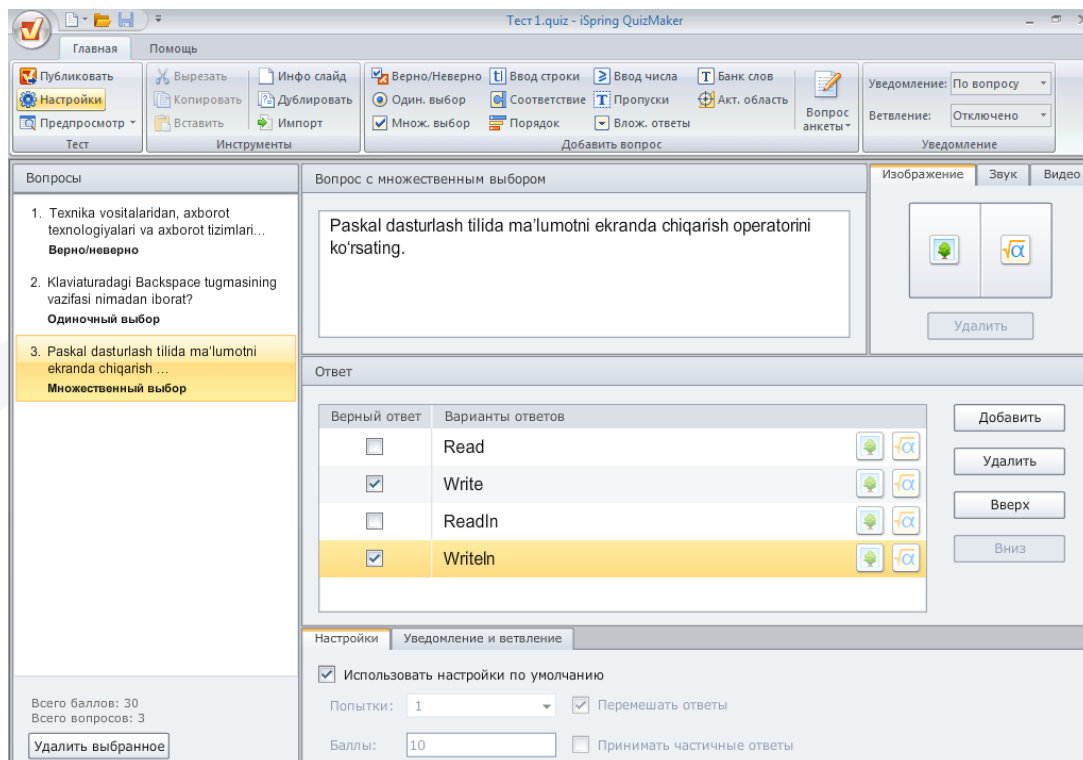
For example:

Question: in the Pascal programming language, specify the operator for extracting information on the screen.

 Read read

 Write

 Readln < br >

 Writeln

It is known that the answer to the question posed is given in two variants, "Write" and "Writeln". A student can score points if they find two correct answers from a given question. The letter is also perceived as an incorrect answer when one correct and one wrong option is marked.

Tests in which the line is entered (vvod stroki). This test form belongs to the closed test type and is compiled without response options. The Test taker then enters the correct answer using the keyboard. In the process of answering, the student must correctly enter the answer that he will enter. A single spelling error also causes the answer to be received incorrectly.

Let's consider this question as an example:

Question: the method of automating the scenario of frequent operations is macros.

The word macro is written in the area where the answer is entered. Another handy aspect of this form is that several words can be written in response. These answers are accepted as the correct answer, even if the Student finds at least one of them.

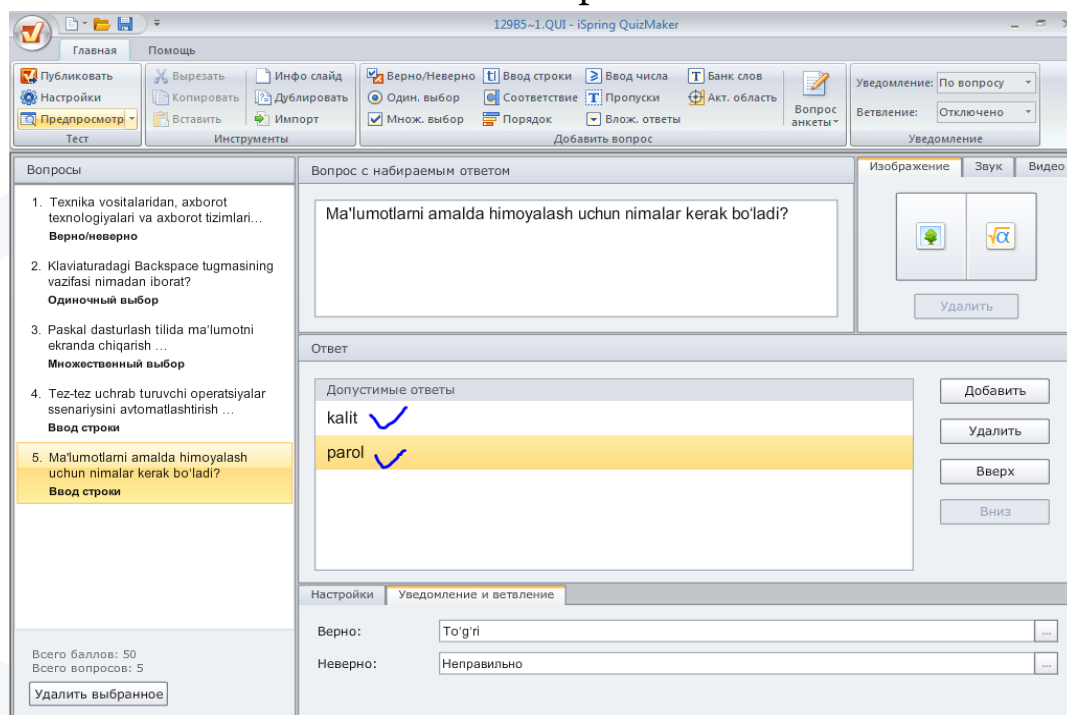For example: What do you need to protect data in practice?

Key or password words can be entered in response

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For example: What do you need to protect data in practice?

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If the written speech of the student is fully developed, it will not be difficult to perform tests in such a form. The development of written speech is often more in demand in the disciplines of native language and literature, history, Foreign Languages, modern programming languages. Because even the misspelling of one letter causes the meaning of an entire sentence or word to change and flow. For programmers in this regard, written speech also acquires an important function. The reason is that in the process of building a program, many operators, commands and serving words have to be entered. The programmer cannot achieve the result if he makes an error in the commands. This leads to inefficient completion of the work. Therefore, in the study of each discipline, it is necessary to pay more perfect attention to its orthographic aspects.

Adaptive tests according to the content (Sootvetstvie). Tests in this form often correspond to definitions with a contraction (e.g.: UN-United Nations, HTML-Hypertext Markup Language). Or it can be used more in the adaptation of its components belonging to some element. It is also possible to draw up a test question that adjusts something-the image of the item and its characteristic or function.

Answer options are sorted tests (Poryadok). The tests in this view talk about a process and sort out the steps of the steps to be performed to achieve the result.

Tests in which the number (number) is entered (Vvod chisla). The test questions created in this form are not marked the same answer as in the tests in which the line is entered, that is, they are compiled without answer options. Drafting such test questions is often used to determine the outcome of assignments relating to accounting practices. This form of application is of great convenience, especially when solving examples and problems that have approximate value in mathematics and physics, or whose result comes out in a certain range. In the Test form where the number is entered, the answer option will consist only of numbers. Another convenience of the ISpring program is that the answer to the test compiled in this form is not limited to just a specific value.

The types of the field of values are:

 Equal to the exact value (Ravno), for example, the result is 14;

 Values between two limits (Mejdu), for example, assume an arbitrary number between 2 and 5;

 Takes an arbitrary value greater than the exact value (Bolshe Chem), for example -3;

 It takes an arbitrary value greater than or equal to the exact value (Bolshe ili ravno), for example greater than 4 or 4;

 Takes an arbitrary value less than the exact value (Menshe Chem), for example 0;

 It takes an arbitrary value less than or equal to the exact value (Menshe ili ravno), such as 9 or less than 9;

 It is not equal to the exact value (ne e.g. ravno), for example, it takes all values except -1.

CONCLUSION

Substitution tests for dropped words (Propuski). You have come across a lot of questions in the subjects of your native language, a foreign language, such as "fill a sentence by placing the appropriate one of the following words instead of dots". With this form, the ISpring program provides convenience in preparing tests of the type of questions mentioned above. The Test form is very interesting in that the student tries to fully study the rules and definitions in the science if he meets the tests of this

appearance during Control. Drawing up tests in this form is more applied to the subjects of the native language and literature, history and a foreign language.

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