



THE DESCRIPTION OF MILITARY TERMS MADE USING THE DARI COMPOSITION METHOD

Ertaev Sh. I.

The Academy of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan
Associate Professor of Languages Department

Annotation

This scientific article deals with military terms created by the method of composition in the Dari language.

Key words and phrases: composition method, grammatical integrity, morphological content, lexical morphemes, word formation methods.

Introduction

Scientific and technological progress increases the need for each language to master new phenomena and related concepts, to create equivalents of these concepts in the national language. The best way to do this is to make effective use of the word-formation capabilities of this language. Word formation is one of the main ways to enrich and update the vocabulary of a language. It is hard to imagine the possibilities of language enrichment without word-formation techniques. Dari is no exception. The process of word formation has existed in all periods of the Dari language, and this phenomenon is a continuous process.

Word formation by adding more than one lexeme that can express an independent lexical meaning is called word formation by the composition method [1]. Composition is one of the oldest and most widely used methods of word formation. The study of compound words in Oriental linguistics, which has been the subject of research since the early twentieth century, has not yet been fully resolved, and is still the subject of debate among linguists. Some researchers consider the grammatical integrity of a compound word, while another group studies the morphological structure [3]. It is known that compound words in the Dari language are not yet fully classified in linguistics, and they are one of the most effective ways to increase the vocabulary of this language. L.N. In Kiseleva's essay "Essays on the lexicology of writing" and R. In Farhodi's monograph "Conversational Persian in Afghanistan" you can learn a little about compound words. The compositional method is at the center of research when new words are formed by adding words together. Another well-known scholar on compound words, L.N. Kiseleva. We refer to the instructions given by her. As





mentioned above, Dari has affixation, composition, lexicalization, and semantic methods of word formation [4].

L.S. Peysikov calls compound words word-based modeling. It is also noted that not all compound words appear on the basis of adding lexical morphemes, they are also formed in other ways (lexicalization, conversion, etc.). It should be noted that whether a word is considered a compound word depends on their morpheme structure. That is, any word that contains more than one independent lexical meaning is a compound word. Compound word formation through the composition method is one of the oldest and most permanent word formation methods in Persian and Dari. As a result of compound word formation, a compound word with a specific meaning consisting of two (three) word bases is formed. The method of compound word formation, along with the method of affixation, was able to maintain its dominant position at almost all stages of the development of the Persian and Dari languages. At the same time, it plays an important role in the development of military terms in the Dari language. For example:

officer	sâhebmanşab	صاحب منصب
patriot	vatandust	وطن دوست
barracks	sarbâzxâna	سربازخانه
commander in chief	sarqumândân	سرقوماندان
bronitransporter	zerehpuş	زره پوش

Well-known Darish scholar H.Z.Alimova in her research, cites seven signs of a compound word, such as the impossibility of inserting another word between the components of a compound word, distinguishing a compound word from a set of words, distinguishing a plural suffix from a compound word, not using one part of a compound word independently, and having a single accent.

No matter how clear and definite the notion of compound words may seem, this field still remains the subject of linguistic debate and theoretical research. In defining a compound word, researchers rely on a variety of criteria - some approach only formally, others strictly semantically or functionally [5]. In Iranian linguistics, the process of composition is not evaluated in the same way. While some scholars study the compound word on the basis of its integrity, others ignore this fact and limit themselves to describing the morphological structure of the components of the compound word [6]. LS Peysikov's essay on word formation describes the addition of cores to a compositional phenomenon on the basis of pre-existing or newly emerging existing (current) models.



Such words, on the other hand, can be attributed to completely different methods of word formation. Therefore, it is not correct to understand compound word formation in general when composing a word by the composition method, and to mean compound word formation only by the composite method when we say compound word formation.

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